Diet of Red-capped Plovers in the Coorong



Red-capped Plovers are a resident shorebird species in the Coorong.

They are critically affected throughout Australia from habitat degradation.

Understanding the diet of Red-capped Plovers can help inform their future management through improving habitat quality and thus, prey availability. My study used DNA metabarcoding on scats to identify prey species.

DNA metabarcoding is a non-invasive molecular technique, which can be used to accurately characterise the diet of Redcapped Plovers.

This improves on past studies that used gut composition, which does not always account for soft bodied invertebrates.



78% of all sequences were Chironomidae (non-biting midges)

The abundance of Chironomidae was similar between the three sites



Future research and managment needs to confirm the importance of Chironomidae for healthy Red-capped Plover diet and protect their habitat accordingly.